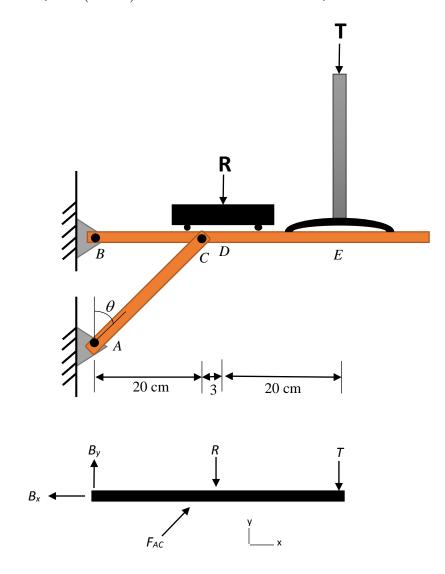
1-18. The wall mounted television stand is supported by an arm which has a cross sectional area 625 mm². There are two normally distributed loads applied to the stand as shown, a television $T \sim N(50,5^2)$ N and a receiver $R \sim N(20,3^2)$ N. Determine the probability of yielding failure of the arm AC if the allowable yield strength is $S_y \sim N(2,0.5^2)$ MPa. Assume P, F, and S_y are independent and $\theta = 45^\circ$.



Solution

Sum the forces: The force in AC can be found by summing the forces in the x and y directions then take the moment about point B.

$$+ \rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; \quad -B_x + F_{AC} \cos 45 = 0;$$

$$+ \uparrow \sum F_{y} = 0; \qquad B_{y} + F_{AC} \sin 45 - R - T = 0;$$

$$+ \nwarrow \sum M_{B} = 0; \quad F_{AC} \sin 45 (0.2) - R(0.23) - T(0.43) = 0;$$

$$B_{x} = (1.15)R + (2.15)T; \qquad B_{y} = (-0.15)R + (-1.15)T; \quad F_{AC} = (1.626)R + (3.041)T$$

For the probability of failure in AC:

$$p_{f} = \Pr(S_{AC} > S_{y}) = \Pr(Y = S_{y} - S_{AC} < 0) = \Pr\left(Y = S_{y} - \frac{F_{AC}}{A} < 0\right)$$

$$= \Pr\left(Y = S_{y} - \frac{(1.626)R + (3.041)T}{A} < 0\right)$$
(1)

Since $R \sim N(20,3^2)$ N, $T \sim N(50,5^2)$ N, and $S_y \sim N(2,0.5^2)$ MPa are independent, Y also follows a normal distribution. $Y \sim N(\mu_y, \sigma_y^2)$.

$$\mu_{y} = \mu_{s_{y}} - \left(\frac{1.626}{A}\right)\mu_{R} + \left(\frac{3.041}{A}\right)\mu_{T} = 2 - \left(\frac{1.626}{625}\right)20 + \left(\frac{3.041}{625}\right)50 = 2.19125 \text{ MPa}$$
 (2)

$$\sigma_{y} = \sqrt{\sigma_{S_{y}}^{2} + \left(\frac{1.626}{A}\right)^{2} \mu_{R}^{2} + \left(\frac{3.041}{A}\right)^{2} \mu_{T}^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{0.5^2 + \left(\frac{1.626}{625}\right)^2 3^2 + \left(\frac{3.041}{625}\right)^2 5^2} = 0.50065 \text{ MPa}$$
 (3)

Equation (1) can be written as

$$p_f = \Pr(Y < 0) = \Pr\left(\frac{Y - \mu_y}{\sigma_y} < \frac{-\mu_y}{\sigma_y}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{-\mu_y}{\sigma_y}\right) = \Phi\left(-4.37681\right) = 6.2361(10^{-5})$$
 Ans.