

2-5. Six reinforcing rods, each with a diameter of  $d_{rod} = 19$  mm, are embedded in a concrete piece with a diameter of  $D = 275$  mm. If the piece is subjected to an axial force of  $P \sim N(815, 11^2)$  kN, determine the normal stress in the concrete and in the rods. The constants  $E_{rod} = 210$  GPa and  $E_{con} = 25$  GPa are given.

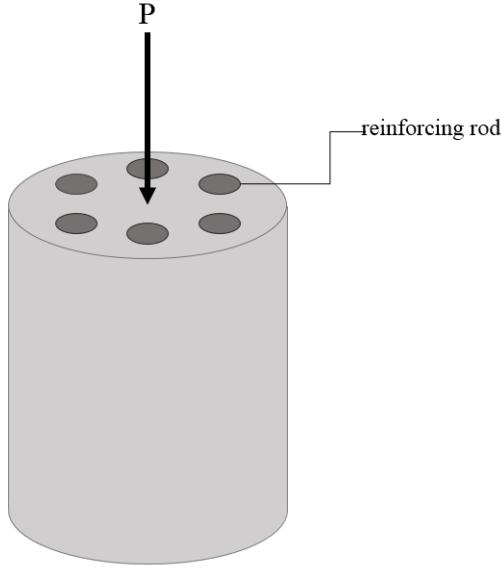


Fig. 2.5

### Solution

Find the area of the rod and of the concrete.

$$A_{rod} = 6 \frac{\pi}{4} d_{rod}^2 = 6 \frac{\pi}{4} (0.019)^2 = 0.00170 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_{con} = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 - 6A_{rod} = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.275)^2 - (0.017) = 0.0577 \text{ m}^2$$

Develop the equilibrium equation for the piece.

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = F_{con} + F_{rod} - P = 0$$

Next, develop a compatibility equation.

$$\delta_{rod} = \delta_c$$

$$\frac{F_{rod} L}{A_{rod} E_{rod}} = \frac{F_{con} L}{A_{con} E_{con}}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{rod} = F_{con} \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{con} = F_{rod} \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}}$$

To solve for the normal stress in the rods, combine the equilibrium equation and the compatibility equation to derive an equation for  $F_{rod}$  in terms of  $P$ .

$$\begin{aligned} F_{rod} \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} + F_{rod} &= P \\ F_{rod} \left( 1 + \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} \right) &= P \\ \Rightarrow F_{rod} &= P \left( 1 + \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} \right)^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

Solve for the normal stress in the rods.

$$\begin{aligned} S_{rod} &= \frac{F_{rod}}{A_{rod}} \\ S_{rod} &= P \left( 1 + \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{rod}} \right) \\ \mu_{rod} &= \mu_P \left( 1 + \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{rod}} \right) = (815000) \left( 1 + \left( \frac{0.0577}{0.00170} \right) \left( \frac{25}{210} \right) \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{0.00171} \right) \\ &= 95.1 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{rod} &= \sqrt{\left( \left( 1 + \frac{A_{con}}{A_{rod}} \frac{E_{con}}{E_{rod}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{rod}} \right) \right)^2 \sigma_P^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\left( 1 + \left( \frac{0.0577}{0.00170} \right) \left( \frac{25}{210} \right) \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{0.00170} \right)^2 (11000)^2} \\ &= 0.00128 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$S_{rod} \sim N(95.1, 0.00128^2) \text{ MPa}$$

**Ans.**

To solve for the normal stress in the concrete, combine the equilibrium equation and the compatibility equation to derive an equation for  $F_{con}$  in terms of  $P$ .

$$\begin{aligned} F_{con} + F_{con} \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} &= P \\ F_{con} \left( 1 + \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} \right) &= P \end{aligned}$$

$$F_{con} = P \left( 1 + \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} \right)^{-1}$$

Solve for the normal stress in the concrete.

$$\begin{aligned} S_{con} &= \frac{F_{con}}{A_{con}} \\ S_{con} &= P \left( 1 + \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{con}} \right) \\ \mu_{con} &= \mu_p \left( 1 + \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{con}} \right) = (815000) \left( 1 + \frac{0.00170}{0.0577} \frac{210}{25} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{0.0577} \right) \\ &= 11.3 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{con} &= \sqrt{\left( 1 + \frac{A_{rod}}{A_{con}} \frac{E_{rod}}{E_{con}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{A_{con}} \right)^2 \sigma_p^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\left( 1 + \frac{0.00170}{0.0577} \frac{210}{25} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{0.0577} \right)^2 (11000)^2} \\ &= 0.000153 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

Thus

$$S_{con} \sim N(11.3, 0.000153^2) \text{ MPa}$$

**Ans.**