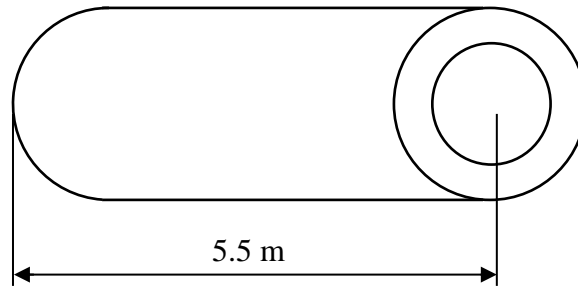


8-12. A 5.5-m long steel hollow circular tube has an outer diameter of  $d_1 = 120$  mm and inner diameter of  $d_2 = 100$  mm. The tube is pinned at both ends, and an axial force  $P \sim N(160, 20^2)$  kN is acting on it. The modulus of elasticity follows  $E \sim N(200, 20^2)$  GPa. Determine the distribution of the critical axial buckling load. Also, determine the probability of buckling. Assume that  $E$  and  $P$  are independent.



**Solution:**

Section properties

$$I = \frac{1}{64} (3.14) [(0.12^4) - (0.1^4)] = 5.27 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$$

The critical axial buckling load is

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(KL)^2} = \frac{(3.14)^2 (5.27 \times 10^{-6})}{(1 \times 5.5)^2} E = (1.72 \times 10^{-6}) E, \quad \text{where } K = 1.$$

Since  $E \sim N(200, 20^2)$  GPa, we have

$$\mu_{P_{cr}} = (1.72 \times 10^{-6}) \mu_E = 343.89 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma_{P_{cr}} = (1.72 \times 10^{-6}) \sigma_E = 34.39 \text{ kN}$$

Thus, the critical axial buckling load follows  $P_{cr} \sim N(343.89, 34.39^2)$  kN.

**Ans.**

Set  $Y = P_{cr} - P$ , then  $Y \sim N(\mu_Y, \sigma_Y^2)$ , where

$$\mu_Y = \mu_{P_{cr}} - \mu_P = 183.89 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma_Y = \sqrt{\sigma_{P_{cr}}^2 + \sigma_P^2} = \sqrt{\sigma_{P_{cr}}^2 + \mu_P^2} = 39.78 \text{ kN}$$

Thus, the probability of failure is

$$p_f = \Pr(Y < 0) = \Phi\left(\frac{-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) = \Phi(-4.6224) = 1.8965 \times 10^{-6}$$

**Ans.**