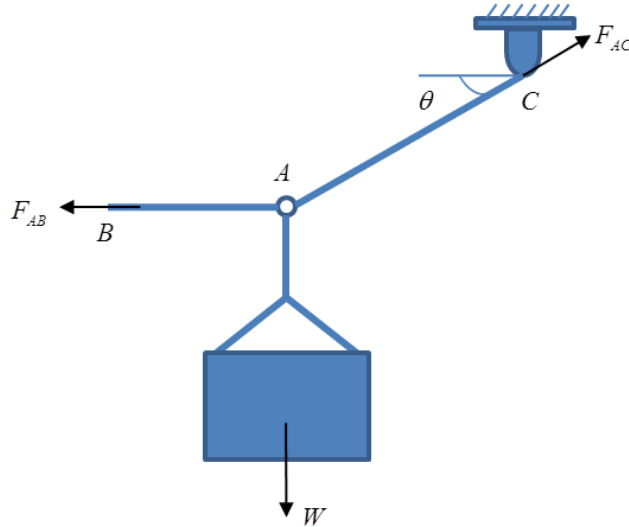


10. The weight of the crate follows a normal distribution  $W \sim N(700, 10^2)$  lb and the crate is hoisted using ropes  $AB$  and  $AC$ . Each rope can withstand a maximum tension  $T_{\max} \sim N(4100, 20^2)$  lb before it breaks. If  $AC$  always remains horizontal and  $\theta$  is  $10^\circ$ , determine the probability that rope  $AB$  and  $AC$  will break. Note all the forces  $W$ ,  $T_{\max}$ ,  $F_{AB}$ , and  $F_{AC}$  are independently distributed.



Solution

$$\sum F_y = 0; F_{AC} \sin \theta - W = 0$$

$$\sum F_x = 0; F_{AC} \cos \theta - F_{AB} = 0$$

For  $W \sim N(700, 10^2)$  lb and  $\theta = 10^\circ$

$$F_{AC} = \frac{W}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\mu_{F_{AC}} = \frac{\mu_W}{\sin \theta} = 4031.1 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sigma_{F_{AC}} = \frac{\sigma_W}{\sin \theta} = 57.6 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{AB} = F_{AC} \cos \theta$$

$$\mu_{F_{AB}} = \mu_{F_{AC}} \cos \theta = 3970 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sigma_{F_{AB}} = \sigma_{F_{AC}} \cos \theta = 56.7 \text{ lb}$$

So the distributions of  $F_{AC}$  and  $F_{AB}$  are  $F_{AC} \sim N(4031.1, 57.6^2)$  lb and  $F_{AB} \sim N(3970, 56.7^2)$  lb, respectively.

We know the maximum tension of each rope is  $T_{\max} \sim N(4100, 20^2)$  lb before it breaks, suppose

$$Y = T_{\max} - F_{AC}$$

$$Z = T_{\max} - F_{AB}$$

Thus

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_Y &= \mu_{T_{\max}} - \mu_{F_{AC}} = 68.9 \text{ lb} \\ \sigma_Y &= \sqrt{\sigma_{T_{\max}}^2 + \sigma_{F_{AC}}^2} = 61 \text{ lb} \\ \mu_Z &= \mu_{T_{\max}} - \mu_{F_{AB}} = 130.1 \text{ lb} \\ \sigma_Z &= \sqrt{\sigma_{T_{\max}}^2 + \sigma_{F_{AB}}^2} = 60.1 \text{ lb}\end{aligned}$$

So the distributions of Y and Z are  $Y \sim N(68.9, 61^2)$  lb and  $Z \sim N(130.1, 60.1^2)$  lb, respectively.

The probability of the break of rope AC is  $P(Y < 0)$  and the probability of the break of rope AB is  $P(Z < 0)$ ,

$$P(Y < 0) = \Phi\left(\frac{0 - \mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{-68.9}{61}\right) = 0.129 \quad \text{Ans.}$$

$$P(Z < 0) = \Phi\left(\frac{0 - \mu_Z}{\sigma_Z}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{-130.1}{60.1}\right) = 0.015 \quad \text{Ans.}$$

Thus, we conclude that the probability of the break of rope AC is 0.129 and the probability of the break of rope AB is 0.015.