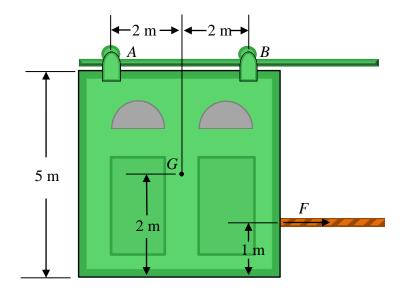
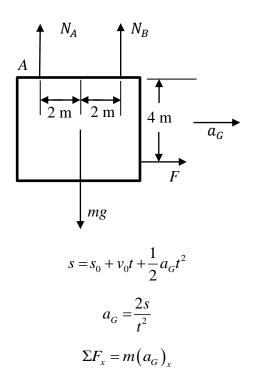
4-6. A company makes garage doors as shown in the figure. The garage door is pulled by a rope with a constant force F that will move the door horizontally a distance s to the right. F is a random variable that follows a normal distribution. The distances of a number of operations are measured in 4 seconds, and this results in a distribution $s \sim N(4,0.2^2)$ m. The door has a mass of 20 kg and does not touch the ground by hanging from two rollers, A and B. Find the force F and the vertical reaction forces at the rollers.



Solution:



$$F = \frac{2ms}{t^2}$$

$$\Sigma M_A = N_B(4) - mg(2) + F(4) = m\left(\frac{2s}{t^2}\right)(3)$$

$$N_B = \frac{mg}{2} - \frac{ms}{2t^2}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = N_A + N_B - mg = 0$$

$$N_A = mg - N_B = \frac{mg}{2} + \frac{ms}{2t^2}$$

Thus,

$$\mu_{F} = \frac{2m}{t^{2}} \mu_{s} = 10 \text{ N}$$

$$\sigma_{F} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2m}{t^{2}}\right)^{2} \sigma_{s}^{2}} = 0.5 \text{ N}$$

$$\mu_{N_{B}} = \frac{mg}{2} - \frac{m}{2t^{2}} \mu_{s} = 95.6 \text{ N}$$

$$\sigma_{N_{B}} = \sqrt{\left(-\frac{m}{2t^{2}}\right)^{2} \sigma_{s}^{2}} = 0.13 \text{ N}$$

$$\mu_{N_{A}} = mg - \mu_{N_{B}} = 100.6 \text{ N}$$

$$\sigma_{N_{A}} = \sigma_{N_{B}} = 0.13 \text{ N}$$

Therefore $F \sim N(10, 0.5^2) \text{ N}$; $N_B \sim N(95.6, 0.13^2) \text{ N}$; $N_A \sim N(100.6, 0.13^2) \text{ N}$. Ans.