2-6. The motor starts from rest and the block travels upward with a constant acceleration of $a = 3 \text{ m/s}^2$. If the mass of the block follows a normal distribution $m \sim N(50, 2^2) \text{ kg}$, determine the distribution of the power output of the motor M when t = 10 s. Neglect the mass of the pulleys and cable.

Solution: $P \sim N(19.22, 0.77^2)$ kW

