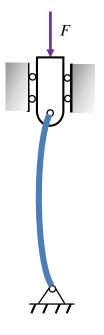
47. An axial force $F \sim N(8000, 400^2)$ lbf is applied to a round Euler column with a length of $l \sim N(2, 0.01^2)$ in. The ends of column are pined as shown in the figure. The modulus of elasticity is E = 200 kpsi. If the maximum probability of failure is designed to be $p_f = 10^{-5}$, determine the minimum diameter of the column using the First Order Second Moment Method. Note that *F* and *l* are independent.



Solution

According to the theory of Euler column, the critical load for unstable bending is

$$P_{cr} = \frac{C\pi^2 EI}{l^2} = \frac{C\pi^2 E}{l^2} \frac{\pi d^4}{64} = \frac{CE\pi^3 d^4}{64l^2}$$

where C = 1, depending on the end conditions shown in the figure.

The limit-state function is the actual load of the column subtracted from the critical load. Failure occurs when Y < 0.

$$Y = g(\mathbf{X}) = P_{cr} - F = \frac{CE\pi^3 d^4}{64l^2} - F = \frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64}l^{-2} - F$$

where $\mathbf{X} = (l, F)$.

Using FOSM, we have

$$\mu_{Y} = g(\mathbf{\mu}_{\mathbf{X}}) = \frac{200(10^{3})\pi^{3}d^{4}}{64}\mu_{l}^{-2} - \mu_{F} = \frac{200(10^{3})\pi^{3}d^{4}}{64}2^{-2} - 8000$$
$$\sigma_{Y} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial l}\Big|_{\mathbf{\mu}_{\mathbf{X}}}\sigma_{l}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial F}\Big|_{\mathbf{\mu}_{\mathbf{X}}}\sigma_{F}\right)^{2}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{200(10^{3})\pi^{3}d^{4}}{64}(-2)\mu_{l}^{-3}\sigma_{l}\right)^{2} + (-\sigma_{F})^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64}(-2)2^{-3}(0.01)\right)^2 + (-400)^2}$$

The probability of failure is then given by

$$p_f = \Phi\left(\frac{-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{-\left(\frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64}2^{-2} - 8000\right)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64}(-2)2^{-3}(0.01)\right)^2 + (-400)^2}}\right) = 10^{-5}$$

Thus

$$\frac{-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y} = \frac{-\left(\frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64} 2^{-2} - 8000\right)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{200(10^3)\pi^3 d^4}{64} (-2)2^{-3}(0.01)\right)^2 + (-400)^2}} = \Phi^{-1}(10^{-5})$$

Solving for d yields

$$d = 0.797$$
 in

Thus d = 0.80 in can be used.

Ans.