60. A torsion bar *AB* fixed at *A* is simply supported at *B* and is connected to a cantilever *BC* as shown in the figure. A force  $F \sim N(1500, 100^2)$  N is applied at *C*. Bar *AB* has a spring rate of  $k_1 \sim (3 \times 10^5, (3 \times 10^4)^2)$  N·m/rad and a length of  $l_1 \sim N(0.8, 0.001^2)$  m. Cantilever *AB* has a spring rate of  $k_2 \sim (5 \times 10^4, (5 \times 10^3)^2)$  N/m. If the allowable deflection at *C* is  $\delta_a = 0.05$  m and the maximum probability of failure is designed to be  $p_f = 10^{-5}$ , determine the maximum length of *BC* using First Order Second Moment Method. Assume that *F*,  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  are independent.

**Answer:**  $l_{BC} = 0.883 \text{ m}$ 

